THE IB PYP Parent Overview

Meet and Greet Turn and introduce yourself to your neighbor

ABOUT YOUR COORDINATOR

Erin Knight

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Sessions (1st & 3rd week)

Jefferson (2nd & 4th week)

Originally from La Canada, CA

B.A. in International Relations from USD

Masters in Education- National University CA Multiple Subject Credential CA Single Subject Credential- Social Studies

Started my journey with IB as a PBMS Social Studies teacher

IBEN Educator- IB Workshop leader, evaluator and consultant

Have worked at five out of eight IB schools in San Diego Unified (PBMS, Jefferson, McKinley, Birney, Sessions)

I love spending time with my family, travelling, reading, and kundalini yoga

I Live in Mt. Helix with my husband Ric, son Carter (11) & Cricket our dog & Cosmo our cat.

THE IB- At a Glance

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In the US, 90% of IB schools are public schools

> The largest concentration of IB schools can be found in the United States with over 1700 schools

> > 20

Founded in 1968 in Geneva, Switzerland

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The International Baccalaureate® (IB) offers four high quality international education programmes to more than one million students

Between 2012 and

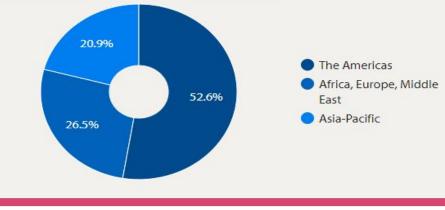
2017, the number of

IB programmes

offered worldwide has grown <u>by</u>

39.3%.

Number of IB programmes taught in each region

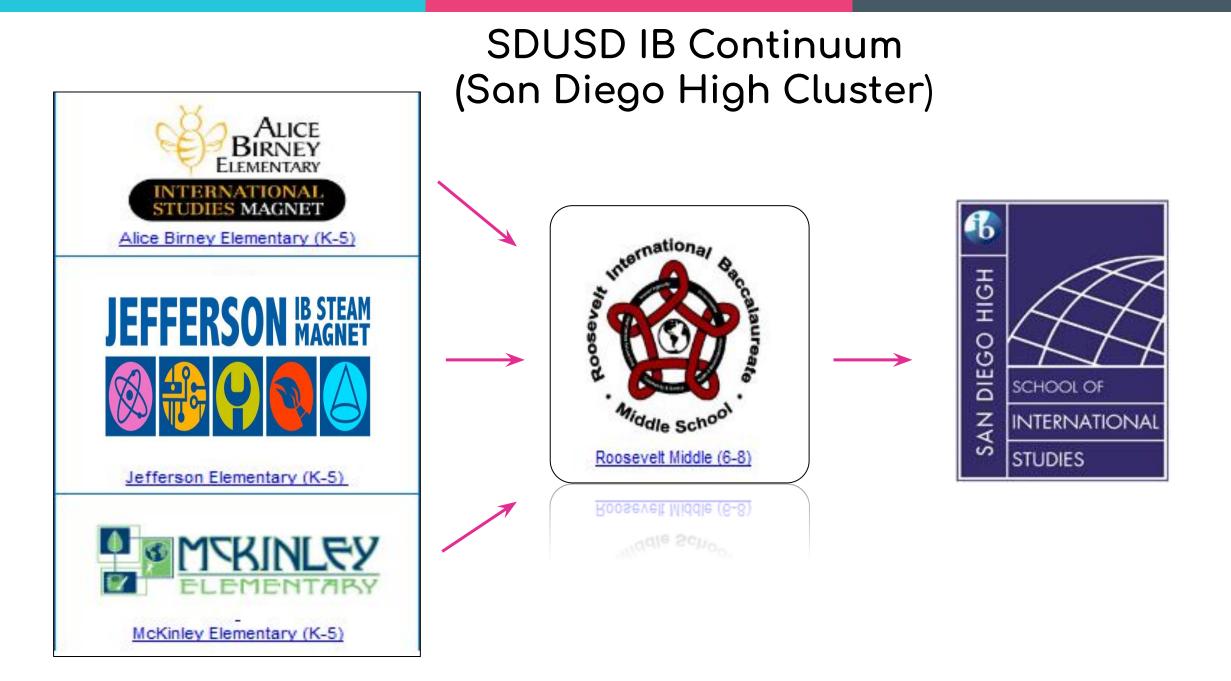


There are 5175 IB World Schools in 157 countries



SDUSD IB Continuum (Mission Bay Cluster)







International Baccalaureate

- International Baccalaureate (IB)
- IB Mission & Vision
- IB Continuum (schools)
- IB Learner Profile
- IB News
- Why IB?
- Awards & Distinctions
- Support IB/Contact

Home
Departments International Baccalaureate

Why IB?

Inquiry-based Learning Principled Action World Language Ideal Preparation for University Quotes from College Admissions Counselors

Inquiry Based Learning

International Baccalaureate educators are specially trained to develop a child's natural curiosity. They teach students of all ages to develop the skills necessary to be inquisitive, to research new areas, and show independence in learning. Teaching children and teens to be successful inquirers means that they get to be actively involved in how they learn, rather than passive participants. This active involvement leads to a love of learning that lasts throughout their lives. Each of the three programs build consecutively to develop skills, knowledge, and understanding that is normally reserved for college and university levels.

Beginning in IB pre-school, classes are designed based on the developmental needs of each age. At an early age children learn to ask questions and investigate their interest and inquiries in a supportive and loving environment. As students move throughout the three programs they learn to research, share their increased



Schools

Sign-In



WHY IB?

Our kindergarteners will retire around the year 2077.

In what ways are we preparing them for success in the years between 2019 and 2080?

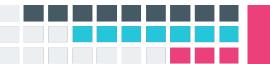
What foundations for learning must we establish for them?

What will our children's work place even look like

PYP PROGRAM MODEL







INTERNATIONAL MINDEDNESS

At Sessions we define international mindedness as knowing we are all different and respecting all cultures, because we understand that we are part of the same global community.

If you are an **international-minded** person you strive to help create a better and more peaceful world.

We guide our students to be internationally minded with a passion for life-long learning. They learn to appreciate other cultures and beliefs and try to become a person who demonstrates the characteristics shown in the Learner Profile.

the IB

The IB Learner Profile



learner profile



Someone who cares for and helps others

knowledgeable

They know about many things and remember what they learn

risk-taker



Someone who steps outside their comfort zone



someone who learns by asking many questions

thinkers



A thinker is someone takes the time to think about every guestion



some who works well in groups and specks in class alot

principled



tells the truth shares and plays well with others



open to thoughts and ideas of others



A person who can balance school sports and friends



Someone who looks back and learns from past mistakes



An inquiry into the interconnectedness of humanmade systems and communities; the structure and function of organizations; societal decision-making; economic activities and their impact on humankind and the environment.

Sharing the planet

An inquiry into rights and responsibilities in the struggle to share finite resources with other people and with other living things; communities and the relationships within and between them; access to equal opportunities; peace and conflict resolution.



Where we are in place and time

An inquiry into orientation in place and time; personal histories; homes and journeys; the discoveries, explorations and migrations of humankind; the relationships between and the interconnectedness of individuals and civilizations, from local and global perspectives.



Who We Are



An inquiry into the nature of the self; beliefs and values; personal, physical, mental, social and spiritual health; human relationships including families, friends, communities, and cultures; rights and responsibilities; what it means to be human.

How the world works

An inquiry into the natural world and its laws; the interaction between the natural world (physical and biological) and human societies; how humans use their understanding of scientific principles; the impact of scientific and technological advances on society and on the environment.

How we express ourselves



An inquiry into the ways in which we discover and express ideas, feelings, nature, culture, beliefs and values; the ways in which we reflect on, extend and enjoy our creativity; our appreciation of the aesthetic.

PYP Transdisciplinary Themes

"It isn't the answer anymore...

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ASCD, 2010) by Heidi Hay s Jacobs

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...it is the question!"

e learn more by looking for the answer to a question and not finding it than we do from learning the answer itself." ~Lloyd Alexander

TYPES OF PROVOCATIONS

Autumn Leaves Exploration

photos artifacts experiments explorations read Alouds websites questions finkering create a scenario music/singing videos

PROVOCATION EXAMPLE- WEBSITE

Student Task: Click through the slideshow "WHAT THE WORLD EATS"

What do you notice?

What questions do you have?





PHOTO PROVOCATIONS IB UNIT EXAMPLES

FROZEN LAKE MICHIGAN Natural disasters unit

BUILDING PLAYS MUSIC IN RAIN STRUCTURES, MUSIC OR WEATHER UNIT

TREE STUMP AND FINGERPRINT HEREDITY UNIT

MALIBU FIRES 2019 NATURAL DISASTERS UNIT

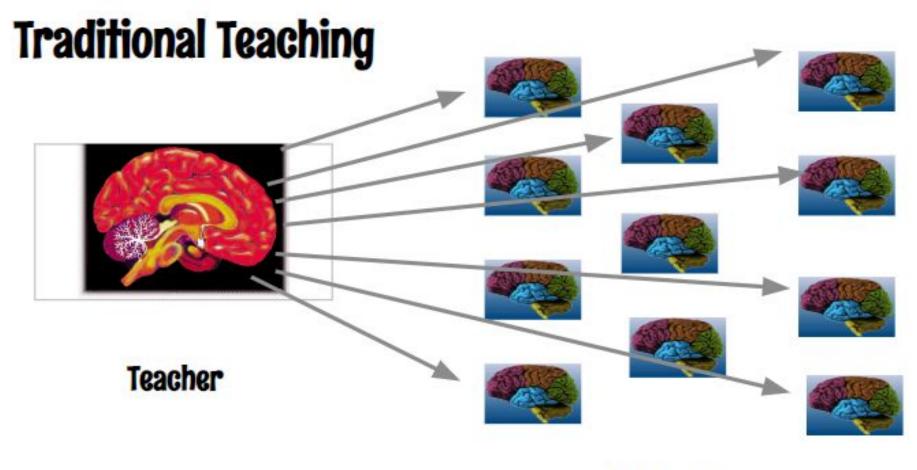
IB Approaches to Learning (Skills)

-9-	THINKING SKILLS		 Acquisition of knowledge Comprehension Application Analysis 	*	Evaluation Dialectical thought Metacognition
	SOCIAL SKILLS		 Accepting responsibility Group decision-making Adopting a variety of group roles 	:	Respecting others Cooperating Resolving conflict
			 Listening Speaking Reading Writing 		Viewing Presenting Non-verbal communication
	SELF-MANAGEMENT		 Gross Motor skills Fine motor skills Spatial awareness Organisation Time management 		Safety Healthy Lifestyle Codes of behavior Informed choices
	RESEARCH SKILLS		 Formulating questions Observing Planning Collecting data Recording data 	-	Organising data Interpreting data Presenting research findings

Learning engagements that foster student collaboration



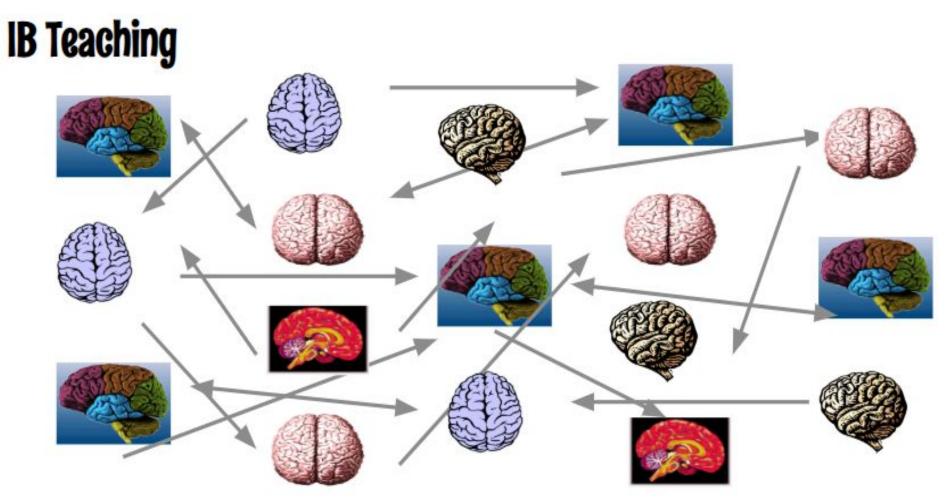




Students







Teachers, Students and Other Adults



IB Key Concepts

RESPONSIBILITY What is our responsibility? People make choices based on their understanding and the actions they take as a result do make a difference.	DERSPECTIVE What are the points of view? Different ways of looking at information. This leads to different interpretation, understandings, and findings.	REFLECTION How do we know? There are different ways of knowing, and that it is important to look at our conclusions, to think about the reasoning, and the evidence we have used.	CHANGE How is it changing? Everything is always in a state of transformation from one state to another. This happens to everything and everyone.
FUNCTION How does it work?	CONNECTION What is the link to other things?	CAUSATION Why i it like it is?	FORM What is it like?
Everything has a purpose, a role, or a way of behaving that can be investigated.	The universe is a collection of systems make of individual parts that work with and effect each other.	Things do not just happen. There are always reasons honing events. This is a cause and effect.	Everything has features or characteristics that can be observed, identified, described, and categorised.

"A Hole in the Concept" - demonstration

Read the excerpt on the next slide at normal speed.

Do not skim or give up halfway (read through to the end.)

Once you've finished, ask yourself how do you feel about reading this paragraph. A newspaper is better than a magazine. A seashore is better place than the street. At first it is better to run than to walk. You may have to try several times. It takes some skill, but it is easy to learn. Even young children can enjoy it. Once successful, complications are minimal. Birds seldom get too close. Rain, however soaks in very fast. Too many people doing the same thing can also cause problems. One needs lots of room. If there are no complications, it can be very peaceful. A rock will serve as an anchor. If things break loose from it, however, you will not get a second chance.

Was this paragraph comprehensible? Meaningless?

Now re-read the excerpt knowing the title, with no change to the contents



Note what happens in your mind when the title is added

Flying a Kite

A newspaper is better than a magazine. A seashore is better place than the street. At first it is better to run than to walk. You may have to try several times. It takes some skill, but it is easy to learn. Even young children can enjoy it. Once successful, complications are minimal. Birds seldom get too close. Rain, however soaks in very fast. Too many people doing the same thing can also cause problems. One needs lots of room. If there are no complications, it can be very peaceful. A rock will serve as an anchor. If things break loose from it, however, you will not get a second chance.

Knowing the Concept - Making Connections

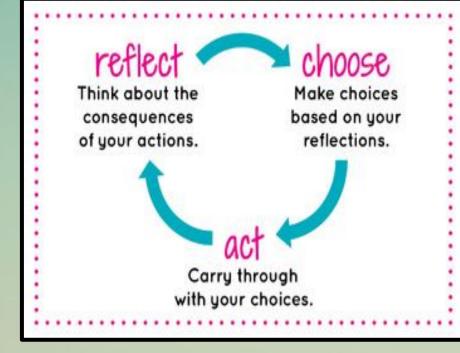
Now that you have the concept you can make

meaningful connections.

Every sentence supports what you now know.

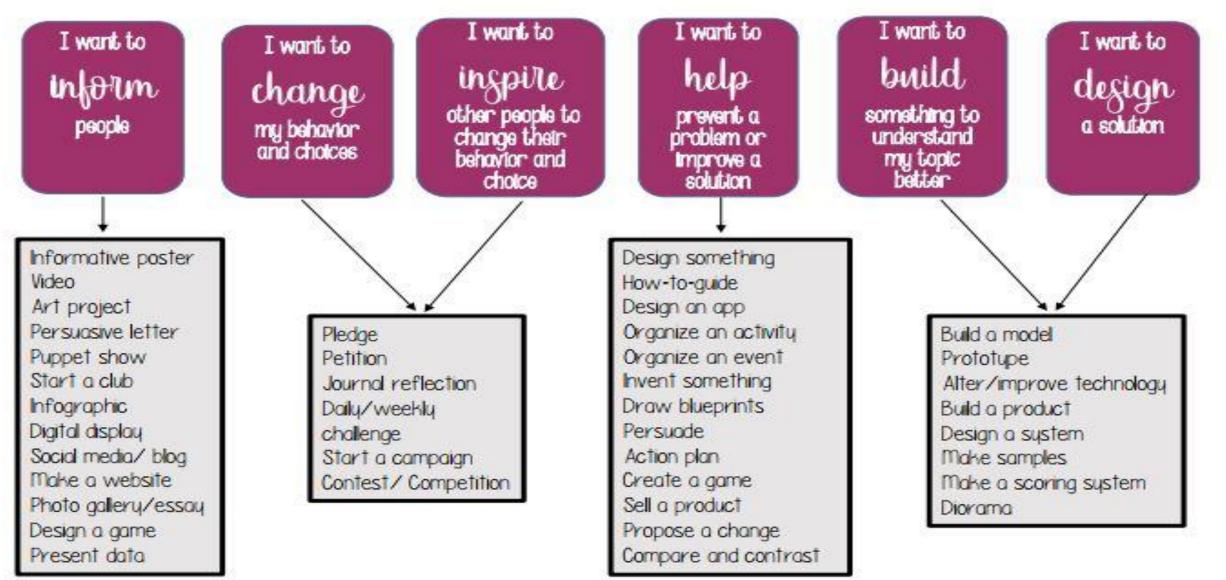
Taking Action

IB ACTION CYCLE



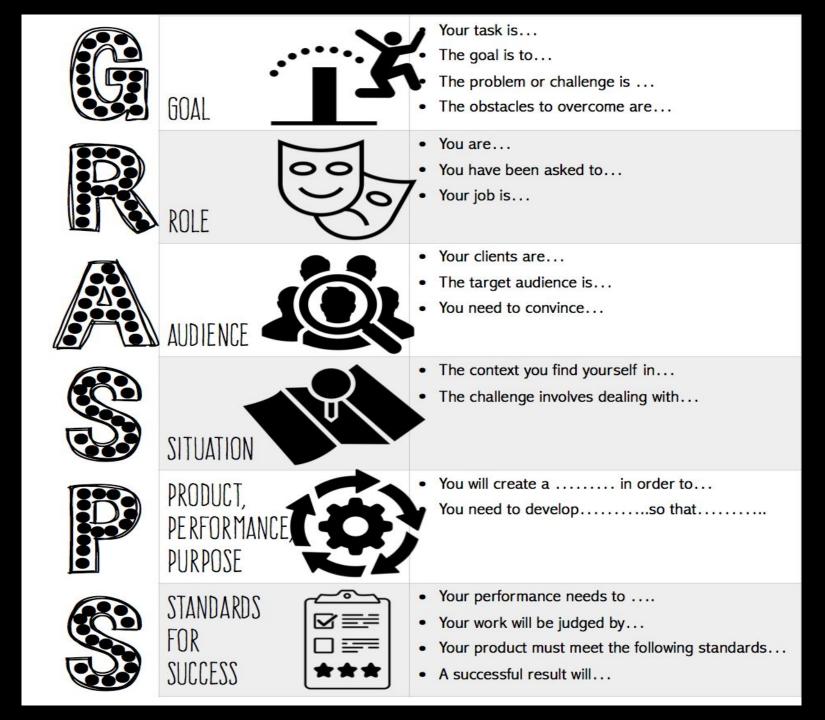


WHAT KIND OF action DO I WANT TO TAKE?



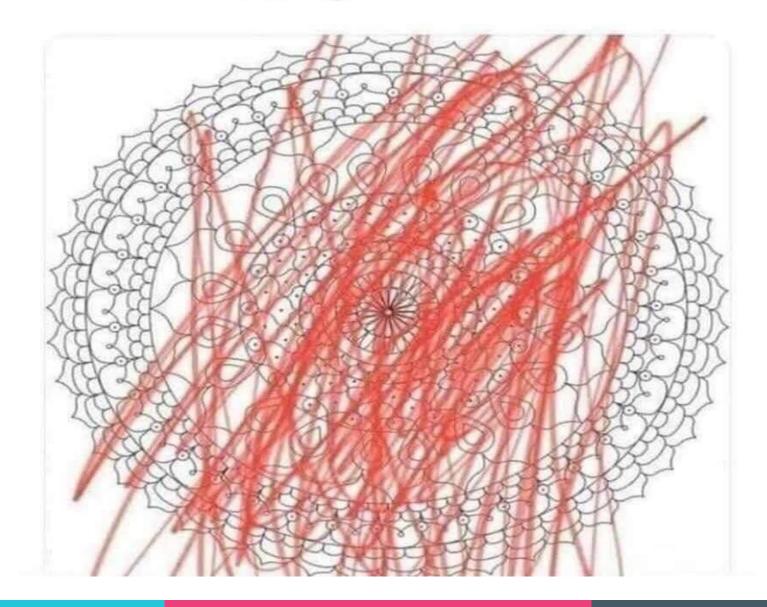
IB Assessment at Sessions

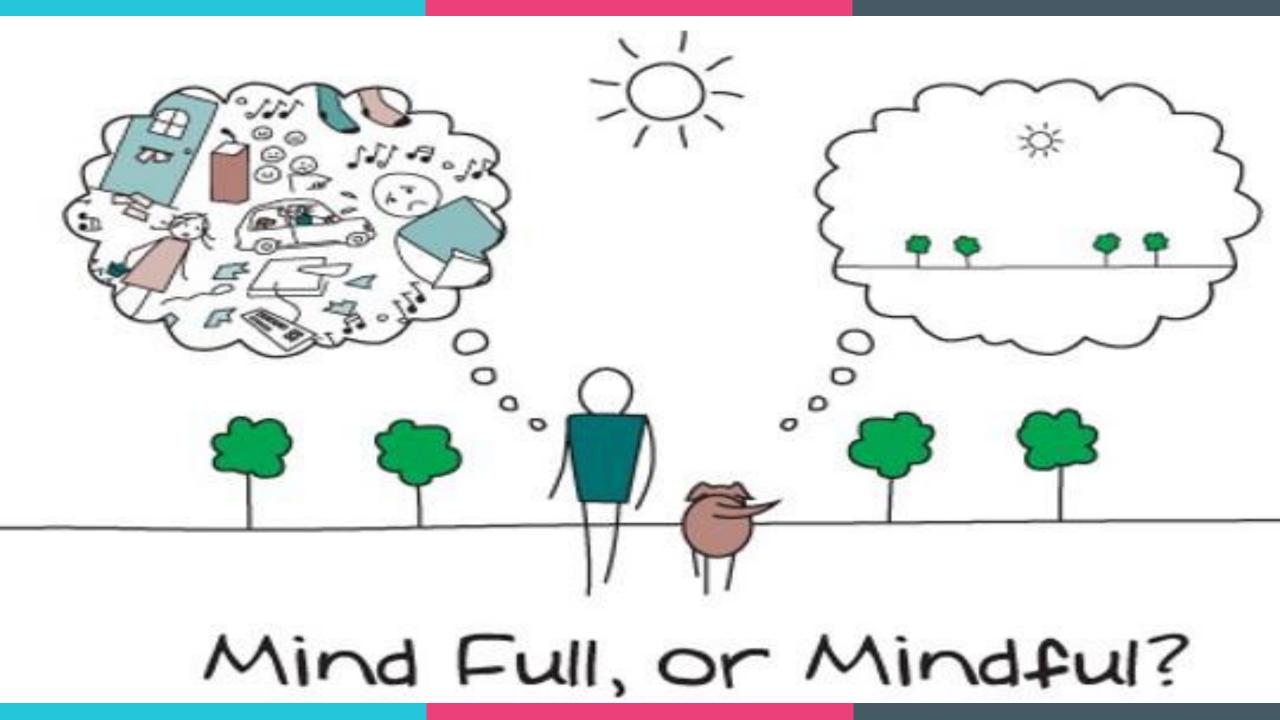
- Formative and summative assessment
- Authentic Performance Tasks
 - provide complex challenges that mirror the issues and problems of adults
 - open ended
 - engage students in doing the work or experts in the field
 - require the application of knowledge and skills



As an IB World school, not only do we focus on the development of the intellectual skills but also the personal, emotional and social skills needed to live, learn and work in a rapidly changing world.

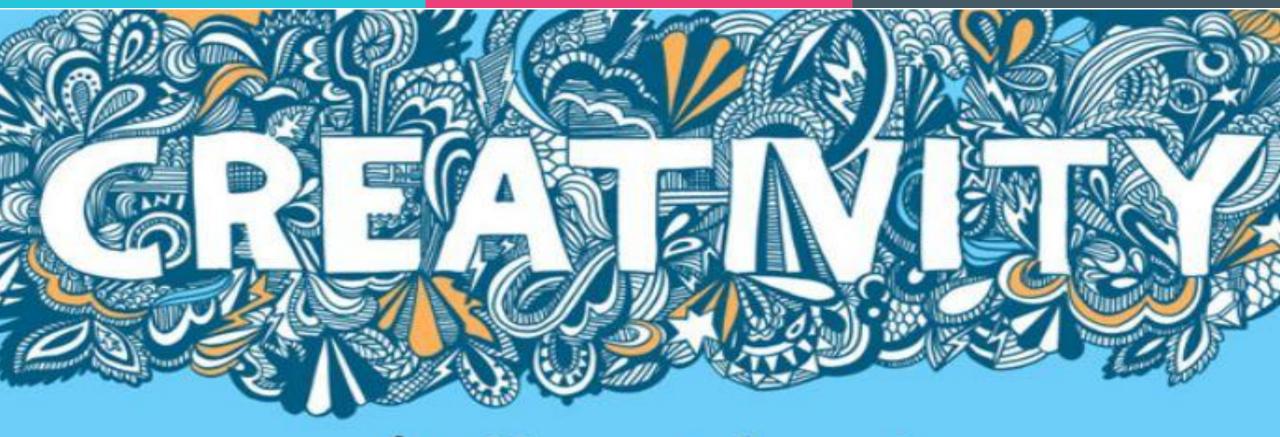
I have started coloring to manage my stress and anxiety.











is the residue of TIME WASTED.

-Albert Einstein-

To Conclude,

At Sessions we utilize the IB philosophy to enable student's natural curiosity to be fostered in real life learning situations.





Sessions IB World students hold the world in their hands.

Any Questions?